



# 181 Clinton Foundation donors who lobbied Hillary's State Department

*Updated by Jonathan Allen on April 28, 2015, 7:10 a.m. ET*



US Secretary of State Hillary Clinton, second speaks with Mark Norbom, President and CEO of General Electric Greater China.

Pool/Getty Images

The size and scope of the symbiotic relationship between the Clintons and their donors is striking. At least 181 companies, individuals, and foreign governments that have given to the [Clinton Foundation](https://www.clintonfoundation.org/contributors) (<https://www.clintonfoundation.org/contributors>) also [lobbied the State Department](http://soprweb.senate.gov/index.cfm?event=selectfields) (<http://soprweb.senate.gov/index.cfm?event=selectfields>) when Hillary Clinton ran the place, according to a Vox analysis of foundation records and federal lobbying disclosures.

The following chart shows entities that donated to the foundation and lobbied

the State Department during Hillary Clinton's tenure. The totals include funding from both the corporate and charitable arms of listed companies (the Gates and Walton foundations are named to illustrate that point). The chart does not account for contributions made by executives, and it may omit some companies who made contributions or lobbied through subsidiaries.

<i>Clinton Foundation donor</i>	<i>Gave between this much*</i>	<i>And th</i>
Microsoft/Gates Foundation	\$26,000,000	
Walmart/Walton Foundation	\$2,250,000	
Coca-Cola	\$5,000,000	
State of Qatar and related entities	\$1,375,000	
Goldman Sachs	\$1,250,000	
Dow Chemical	\$1,025,000	
Pfizer	\$1,010,000	
Duke Energy Corporation	\$1,002,000	
ExxonMobil	\$1,001,000	
Alliance for a Green Revolution in Africa	\$1,000,000	
Hewlett-Packard	\$1,000,000	
Nima Taghavi	\$1,000,000	
NRG Energy	\$1,000,000	
Open Society Institute	\$1,000,000	
Procter & Gamble	\$1,000,000	
Boeing	\$1,000,000	
OCP	\$1,000,000	
Nike	\$512,000	
Google	\$511,000	
Daimler	\$510,000	
Monsanto	\$501,250	
Arizona State University	\$500,000	
Chevron	\$500,000	
General Electric	\$500,000	
Morgan Stanley	\$360,000	
Intel	\$252,000	
Noble Energy	\$250,000	
Sony	\$175,000	

AstraZeneca	\$150,000
Bloomberg and Bloomberg Philanthropies	\$150,000
Salesforce.com	\$125,000
Verizon	\$118,000
Yahoo	\$125,000
Lockheed Martin	\$111,000
Qualcomm	\$103,000
TIAA-CREF	\$103,000
JP Morgan	\$102,000
Accenture	\$100,000
American Cancer Society	\$100,000
Applied Materials	\$100,000
CH2M Hill	\$100,000
Corning	\$100,000
FedEx	\$100,000
Gap	\$100,000
Gilead	\$100,000
Hess Corporation	\$100,000
Humanity United	\$100,000
Hyundai	\$100,000
Int'l Brotherhood of Electrical Workers	\$100,000
Johnson Controls	\$100,000
Lions Clubs International	\$100,000
Mylan	\$100,000
Pepsi	\$100,000
Sanofi-Aventis	\$100,000
Starwood Hotels	\$100,000
United States Pharmacopeial Convention	\$100,000
UPS	\$100,000
Washington University, St. Louis	\$100,000
Time Warner	\$75,000
Hunt Alternatives	\$60,000
Ericsson	\$51,000
Abbott Laboratories	\$50,000

Anadarko	\$50,000
BT Group	\$50,000
Discovery Communications	\$50,000
Earth Networks	\$50,000
Feed the Children	\$50,000
General Motors	\$50,000
Hilton	\$50,000
Marriott	\$50,000
NextEra Energy	\$50,000
NOUR USA	\$50,000
Novozymes	\$50,000
Oceana	\$50,000
Starbucks	\$50,000
Teck Resources	\$50,000
The American Institute of Architects	\$50,000
Nature Conservancy	\$50,000
Trilogy International Partners	\$50,000
Unilever	\$50,000
World Vision	\$50,000
S.C. Johnson & Son	\$50,000
Motorola	\$35,000
Enel	\$35,000
JCPenney	\$27,000
Target	\$27,000
Novartis	\$26,000
Prudential	\$26,000
3M	\$25,000
AAR	\$25,000
AFL-CIO	\$25,000
APCO Worldwide	\$25,000
AREVA	\$25,000
Bayer	\$20,000
Capstone Turbine	\$25,000
Cemex	\$25,000

CHF International	\$25,000
Eli Lilly	\$25,000
Georgetown University	\$25,000
HBO	\$25,000
Honeywell	\$25,000
Mars, Inc.	\$25,000
McGraw-Hill Financial	\$25,000
MWH Global	\$25,000
New Venture Fund	\$25,000
Partners HealthCare	\$25,000
Rotary Foundation	\$25,000
Shell	\$25,000
Special Olympics	\$25,000
Brink's	\$25,000
United Technologies Corporation	\$25,000
Viacom	\$25,000
Wildlife Conservation Society	\$25,000
Ze-gen	\$25,000
AT&T	\$11,000
BP	\$11,000
SAP America	\$10,250
Actavis	\$10,000
ALFA	\$10,000
American Iron and Steel Institute	\$10,000
Amgen	\$10,000
Anheuser-Busch Companies, Inc.	\$10,000
BHP Billiton Limited	\$10,000
Chesapeake Energy Corporation	\$10,000
ConocoPhillips	\$10,000
Danfoss	\$10,000
Delphi Financial Group	\$10,000
Digital Globe	\$10,000
Dow Corning	\$10,000
EMD Serono	\$10,000

Entertainment Software Association	\$10,000
Herbalife	\$10,000
Hermitage Capital Management	\$10,000
InnoVida Holdings	\$10,000
Levi Strauss & Co.	\$10,000
Life Technologies	\$10,000
Motion Picture Association of America	\$10,000
Nokia	\$10,000
Occidental Petroleum	\$10,000
Sesame Workshop	\$10,000
Siemens	\$10,000
SNCF	\$10,000
Symantec	\$10,000
Tamares Management	\$10,000
Telefonica International	\$10,000
Hershey	\$10,000
NASDAQ OMX Group	\$10,000
The Pew Charitable Trusts	\$10,000
TV Azteca, S.A. DE C.V.	\$10,000
US Chamber of Commerce	\$10,000
Whirlpool	\$10,000
Oneida Indian Nation	\$10,000
American Public Health Association	\$5,000
EOS Foundation	\$5,000
Florida International University	\$5,000
Girl Scouts of the USA	\$5,000
Gonzalo Tirado	\$5,000
NBC Universal	\$5,000
Santa Monica College	\$5,000
Sensis	\$5,000
Adobe Systems	\$1,000
Boston Scientific Corporation	\$1,000
Bristol-Myers Squibb	\$1,000
Cablevision Systems Corporation	\$1,000

Caterpillar	\$1,000
Chicanos Por La Causa	\$1,000
Deere & Company	\$1,000
Dell	\$1,000
Edison Electric Institute	\$1,000
Eligio Cedeno	\$1,000
Festo Corporation	\$1,000
George Mason University	\$1,000
Laborers Int'l Union of North America	\$1,000
Nestle	\$1,000
Northrop Grumman Corporation	\$1,000
American Legion	\$1,000
Association for Manufacturing Technology	\$1,000
Tohono O'odham Nation	\$1,000
Hara Software	\$1,000
Oracle (matching grant program)	\$250
Nova Southeastern University	\$250

*\* The Clinton Foundation reports contributions in ranges.*

That's not illegal, but it is scandalous.

There's a household name at the nexus of the foundation and the State Department for every letter of the alphabet but "X" (often more than one): Anheuser-Busch, Boeing, Chevron, (John) Deere, Eli Lilly, FedEx, Goldman Sachs, HBO, Intel, JP Morgan, Lockheed Martin, Monsanto, NBC Universal, Oracle, Procter & Gamble, Qualcomm, Rotary International, Siemens, Target, Unilever, Verizon, Walmart, Yahoo, and Ze-gen.

The set includes oil, defense, drug, tech, and news companies, as well as labor unions and foreign interests. It includes organizations as innocuous as the Girl Scouts and those as in need of brand-burnishing as Nike, which was once forced to vow ( <http://www.wsj.com/articles/SB10001424052702303873604579493502231397942>) that it would end the use of child labor in foreign sweatshops. This list of donors to the Clinton foundation who lobbied State matters because it gives a sense of just how common it was for influence-seekers to give to the Clinton Foundation, and

exactly which ones did.

Author Peter Schweizer, whose book *Clinton Cash* is due out May 5, took his best shot but couldn't prove — or even assert — that Hillary Clinton took any official action because of contributions to the Clinton Foundation. I haven't read the book, but even Schweizer concedes that what he's identified is a "pattern of behavior," (<http://abcnews.go.com/Politics/week-transcript-clinton-cash-author-peter-schweizer/story?id=30568766>) not hard evidence of corruption.

Still, the Clintons have shown they can't police themselves.

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The foundation's acting CEO, Maura Pally, acknowledged problems with reporting on federal 990 tax forms in a statement issued Sunday, in which she contended that information about donors was available but not appropriately listed in filings with the government.

Hillary Clinton at State.

Before working for the foundation, she was a deputy assistant secretary under

"So yes, we made mistakes, as many organizations of our size do, but we are acting quickly to remedy them, and have taken steps to ensure they don't happen in the future," Pally said.

### **Bringing good things to life?**

Scrutiny of the foundation's practices, and of Clinton's work at State, has intensified in recent weeks, due in large part to Schweizer's book and his effort to get news outlets to write about his research.

The New York Times published a thorough report ([http://www.nytimes.com/2015/04/24/us/cash-flowed-to-clinton-foundation-as-russians-pushed-for-control-of-uranium-company.html?\\_r=0](http://www.nytimes.com/2015/04/24/us/cash-flowed-to-clinton-foundation-as-russians-pushed-for-control-of-uranium-company.html?_r=0)) last week on the sale of uranium mines to a company connected to the Russian government by a group of Canadians who poured millions of dollars into the Clinton Foundation. The Washington Post, also working from Schweizer's research, reported ([http://www.washingtonpost.com/news/energy-environment/wp/2015/04/24/clinton-cash-uranium/](#))



[http://www.washingtonpost.com/politics/for-clintons-speech-income-shows-how-their-wealth-is-intertwined-with-charity/2015/04/22/12709ec0-dc8d-11e4-a500-1c5bb1d8ff6a\\_story.html](http://www.washingtonpost.com/politics/for-clintons-speech-income-shows-how-their-wealth-is-intertwined-with-charity/2015/04/22/12709ec0-dc8d-11e4-a500-1c5bb1d8ff6a_story.html)) that Bill Clinton collected \$26 million in speaking fees from donors to the Clinton Foundation. And Newsweek reported that a company owned by Victor Pinchuk, one of the top donors to the Clinton Foundation, has [shipped goods to Iran](http://www.newsweek.com/2015/04/24/hillary-clinton-runs-white-house-and-row-over-ukrainian-benefactors-trade-322253.html) (<http://www.newsweek.com/2015/04/24/hillary-clinton-runs-white-house-and-row-over-ukrainian-benefactors-trade-322253.html>).

Public records alone reveal a nearly limitless supply of cozy relationships between the Clintons and companies with interests before the government.

General Electric, for example, has given between \$500,000 and \$1 million in cash to the foundation, and it helped underwrite the US pavilion at the Shanghai Expo in 2010, a project for which top Clinton family fundraisers were tapped by the State Department to solicit contributions from the private sector.

GE lobbied the State Department on a variety of issues when Hillary Clinton was secretary, including trade and energy tax breaks, according to its filings with the federal government.

In her most recent memoir, *Hard Choices*, Hillary Clinton details how she went to bat for GE in Algeria, a country that donated \$500,000 to the Clinton Foundation in violation of the charity's agreement with the Obama administration to place restrictions on contributions from foreign governments.

"When the government decided to solicit foreign bids to build power plants and modernize its energy sector, I saw an opportunity for advancing prosperity in Algeria and seizing an opportunity for American business. General Electric was competing for the more than \$2.5 billion contract," she wrote. Clinton personally lobbied President Abdelaziz Bouteflika to bless the GE contract.

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The kicker: Clinton allies have said she will use her work to create business for US companies overseas on the campaign trail as she runs for president. She's now in position to visit GE sites in the US and talk about how she worked to strengthen the company.

The Washington Post reported earlier this year ([http://www.washingtonpost.com/politics/foreign-governments-gave-millions-to-foundation-while-clinton-was-at-state-dept/2015/02/25/31937c1e-bc3f-11e4-8668-4e7ba8439ca6\\_story.html](http://www.washingtonpost.com/politics/foreign-governments-gave-millions-to-foundation-while-clinton-was-at-state-dept/2015/02/25/31937c1e-bc3f-11e4-8668-4e7ba8439ca6_story.html)) that the Clinton Foundation failed to seek approval from the State Department when it accepted a \$500,000 donation from the Algerian government for Haitian earthquake relief in 2010.

From the perspective of the Clintons' defenders, the GE deal is a win all around. The US strengthens its ties to an important geopolitical player in North Africa. GE opens up a new market. American workers benefit from the expansion of a major manufacturer. Hillary Clinton gets to campaign as a job creator. And in her defenders' view, the donations to the Clinton Foundation are unrelated to any action Hillary Clinton took on behalf of GE.

Likewise, Coca-Cola has given between \$5 million and \$10 million to the foundation. The company announced an investment of \$200 million (<http://www.coca-colacompany.com/press-center/press-releases/coca-cola-starts-local-production-in-myanmar>) in Burma after Hillary Clinton worked to lift sanctions on that country. Even unions that blame Bill Clinton's NAFTA deal for killing American jobs, including the AFL-CIO, pop up on the crosstab of companies that donate to the foundation and lobbied Hillary's State Department. Coke, of course, was one of the biggest beneficiaries of NAFTA, which opened up Mexico, the country with the highest per-capita Coca-Cola consumption (<http://assets.coca-colacompany.com/b2/9a/cdcd7b7541a3b25e2dfb0c665c37/2011-per-capita-consumption.pdf>) in the world.

Still, no one — no one — has produced anything close to evidence of a quid pro quo in which Hillary Clinton took official action in exchange for contributions to the Clinton Foundation. If anyone did, Clinton would cease to be a candidate and become a defendant.

## **The 'trust us' model is broken**

It's unthinkable that Hillary Clinton would intentionally undermine the interests

of the United States as secretary of state, not because she is above question but because she planned to run for president.

Clinton allies make no secret of their model of using the family brand to leverage other people's money, intellectual capital, products, celebrity, and political networks to serve the Clintons' ends. They believe those ends are just and often noble — like providing clean drinking water in developing countries — and that the Clintons are beyond reproach. But it's reasonable, and necessary, to ask whether the business interests of the benefactors are incidental or central to their motivation for giving.

It should come as no surprise that the folks who have a lot of cash to give are also those who have the most at stake in decisions made by the federal government. That's why politicians get so much money from special interests. It's also why the voting public should be aware, and wary, of the flow of money from special interests to candidates and elected officials. Transparency is not an antidote to corruption, so that money flow deserves intense scrutiny.

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[Whitewater, explained for people who don't remember the Clinton presidency \(http://www.vox.com/2015/4/13/8397309/hillary-clinton-whitewater\)](http://www.vox.com/2015/4/13/8397309/hillary-clinton-whitewater)

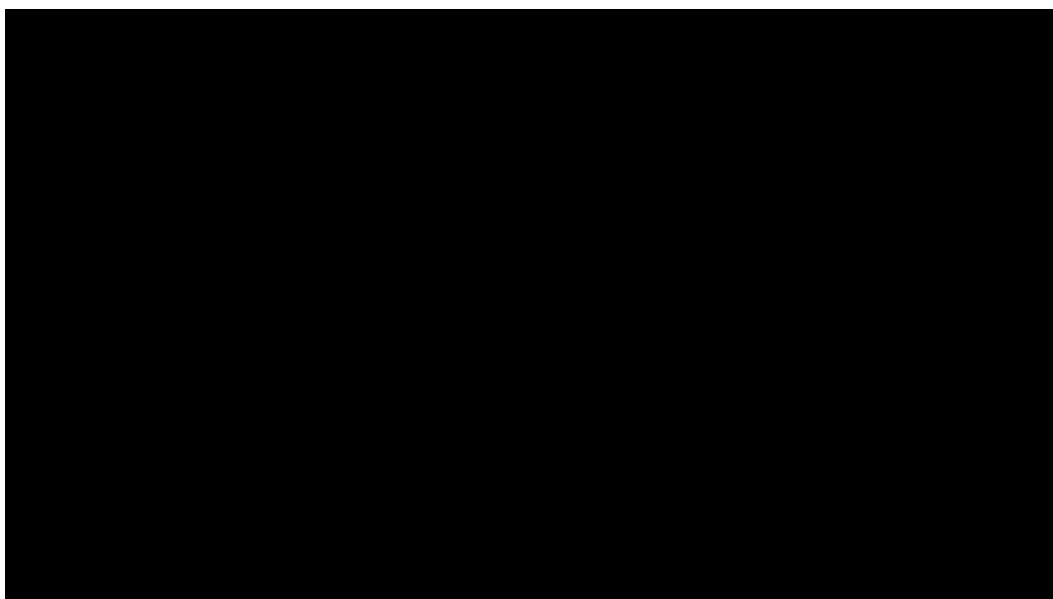
Ultimately, it is impossible to tell where one end of the two-headed Clinton political and philanthropic operation ends and where the other begins. The "trust us" model is insufficient for the public. It's also an ongoing political liability for Hillary Clinton. Both she and the public would benefit from greater controls. She's not the first politician forced to defend contributions to her charity. Tom DeLay, the legendary former House majority leader and whip, was hammered by the left for taking donations for his children's charity from corporations and lobbyists with business before Congress.

On one level, there's little difference between special interests donating money to politicians' campaigns and donating to their charities. The nature of the objections raised by the Clintons taking money from interested parties also applies to their solicitation of contributions to her presidential campaign — and to similar asks made by every other politician. On another level, though, a politician's charity is a special avenue of access.

Politicians' charities are an attractive place for special interests to funnel money. They can give much larger sums to charities than they can in hard campaign dollars. Because the charities are, by definition, nonpartisan, the contributions look less political. The politician who runs the charity usually has a pretty strong emotional tie to its sustainability and often benefits from payment in the form of travel and accommodations in conjunction with the charity's activities. Last but not least, donations to the charity are tax-deductible, in contrast to campaign contributions.

Candidates for office should seek to set the bar for their own conduct higher than the level required by current law. More important, at a time when the American public has rightly lost confidence that politicians serve the public first, foremost, and exclusively, Hillary Clinton has fallen short of that standard.

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